

- (b) Explain the following in brief : 2×5
- (i) Graham's ratio
 - (ii) Lag on ignition
 - (iii) Water gas explosion
 - (iv) Flat dam
 - (v) Disability glare.
2. What are the sources of CO in mines ? What is its effect on human being ? Explain the principle of CO detection by MSA CO detector. 3+3+4
3. Explain the vertical borehole and cross measure borehole method of methane drainage with neat sketches. 10
4. (a) The analysis of return air from a depillaring panel resulted in CO of 80 ppm, Oxygen 20.06% and Nitrogen 79.15%. If the intake air to the panel can be assumed to be of normal atmospheric composition, what inferences could be drawn from the gas analysis data ? 5
- (b) What are the different causes of mine fires and classify mine fires accordingly ? 5
5. Explain the mechanism of firedamp explosion in a mine. What are its causes ? How does it differ from a coal dust explosion ? 10

6. (a) Outline the responsibilities of the leader of a rescue brigade during rescue operation. 6
- (b) A miner is feeling distressed after wearing a self contained breathing apparatus. Give possible reasons for the same. 4
7. (a) Discuss the reopening of a sealed-off fire area by air-locking in stages method. 6
- (b) Name the places where general lighting arrangement has to be provided in a mine at the surface and below ground. 4
8. (a) Discuss the underground measures that should be adopted for protection against inundation. 6
- (b) Calculate the maximum water pressure for a flat dam from the following data : 4
- Thickness of the dam = 80 cm
 Width of the roadway = 320 cm
 Height of the roadway = 370 cm
 Safe shearing strength of the surrounding strata = 2.5 kg/cm².